

## Features

**Single or dual channel intrinsically safe, transformer isolated barrier modules:**

- 2081-9062, Single channel
- 2081-9063, Dual channel

**Meets requirements of National Electrical Code Articles 500-517 for Hazardous Locations:**

- Classes I, II, & III
- Divisions 1 & 2
- Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, & G

**Compatible with Autocall intrinsically safe manual stations and simple apparatus:**

- Refer to [Compatibility Reference](#) for compatible product details including compatible smoke detector model
- Product selection summary is detailed in [Intrinsically Safe Product Selection](#)

**Required accessories (ordered separately):**

- A2975-9218, Red cabinet with solid door and lock
- 2081-9061, Module installation kit

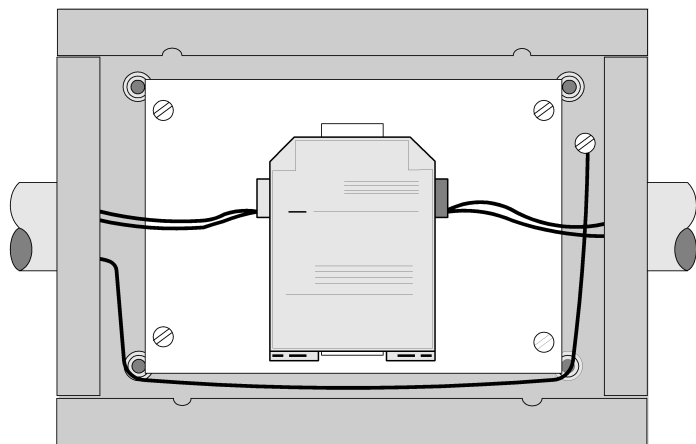
## Description

Autocall Intrinsically Safe Modules are for use with Autocall control panels to make initiating device circuit wiring safe for use in locations where hazardous concentrations of flammable gases or other materials may exist. The intrinsically safe module is an isolated, power-limited barrier that limits the output current to a level below ignition for atmospheres defined by NEC Articles 500-517 for Classes I, II, & III, Divisions 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, & G.

### Installation Considerations.

The installation of intrinsically safe modules requires strict adherence to product compatibility lists and must be in accordance with all product installation instructions and applicable codes and wiring practices.

Review all applicable references thoroughly before completing the intrinsically safe design.



**Figure 1: Intrinsically Safe Barrier Module Mounted in Cabinet (shown with cover removed, wiring and conduit shown for reference only)**

## Specifications

**Table 1: Barrier Modules 2081-9062 and 2081-9063\*\***

Specifications		
Input Voltage (Vin)		4 to 35 VDC
Input Current (Iin)		40 mA maximum, limited by module impedance
Output Voltage (Vout)	Vin < 23.7 V	Vout = Vin - (400 x Iin) - 0.7 V
	Vin > 23.7 V	Vout = Vin - (400 x Iin)
Output Current		Transfer current ≤ 40 mA Short circuit current ≤ 65 mA
Operating Temperature		32° F to 120° F (0° C to 49° C)
Operating Humidity		Up to 85% RH maximum @ 86° F (30° C)
Dimensions		4-1/2" H x 4-1/4" W (including terminal block) x 13/16" D (114 mm x 108 mm x 21 mm)
<b>A2975-9218 Cabinet; Required, Ordered Separately</b>		
Dimensions		12" W x 8-3/8" H x 3-1/2" D (305 mm x 213 mm x 89 mm)
Color		Red
<b>2081-9061 Installation Kit; Required, Ordered Separately</b>		
Contents		Bracket for barrier module mounting (35 mm DIN rail type), mounting hardware, control drawing, and required end-of-line resistors

\*\* Refer to [Intrinsically Safe Product Selection](#) for listing of approved entity parameters and allowable wiring distances.

## Intrinsically Safe Barrier Module Compatibility

Autocall, 2081-9062 and 2081-9063 intrinsically safe modules report alarms as a current limited condition.

**Note:** Intrinsically Safe applications are not compatible with Alarm Verification operation.

## Compatibility Reference

**Table 2: Compatible Autocall Fire Alarm Control Panels and Modules**

SKU Series	Description
4100U	Class B IDC module A100-5005

**Table 3: Zone Adapter Modules (ZAMs)**

SKU	Description
A4090-9101	Class B, for use with compatible Autocall fire alarm control panels; IDNet™ communications

**Table 4: Compatible Initiating Devices**

Manual Stations	
SKU Series	Description
A2099-9767	Single Action Station
Simple Apparatus	
Any device which does not store or generate more than 1.2 V, 100 mA, or 20 μJ (typically a dry contact heat detector or pushbutton switch)	

## Intrinsically Safe Devices Single and Dual Channel Isolated Barrier Modules

**Table 4: Compatible Initiating Devices**

<b>Manual Stations</b>	
<b>Compatible Smoke Detector (NOTE: Not FM approved, but tested as compatible with IDCs listed)</b>	
<b>Compatible IDCs</b>	<b>Description</b>
A100-5005	Hochiki Intrinsically Safe Photoelectric Smoke Detector Model SLR-E-IS with Hochiki
A4090-9101	Intrinsically Safe Detector Base Model YBN-R/4-IS; Note: Five (5) maximum per circuit; Available from Hochiki America

### Installation Requirements

1. All equipment **MUST** be installed in accordance with the National Electrical Code, NEC ANSI/NFPA 70 Article 504, and ANSI/ISA-RP 12.6-1987.
2. Cable and/or conduit from Non-Hazardous and Hazardous locations **MUST** enter the barrier enclosure from opposite sides and **MUST** be sealed per National Electrical Code, Article 504.
3. Intrinsically Safe circuits **MUST NOT** be installed in the same cable, conduit, or raceway with non-intrinsically safe circuits.
4. Intrinsically Safe circuits are for indoor applications only.
5. Maximum line resistance from the Fire Alarm panel to the last device in the Hazardous location is 10  $\Omega$ .
6. The A2975-9218 cabinet must be equipped with a safety ground per NEC Article 250-42. The grounding conductor must be 12 AWG (3.31 mm<sup>2</sup>) minimum (the barrier is not grounded).
7. For additional wiring information, reference the National Electrical Code, Articles 500 through 517 and Autocall Control Drawing 842-070.
8. Refer to [Intrinsically Safe Product Selection](#) for approved entity parameter information reference.

### National Electrical Code Hazardous Location Classifications\*

Class I locations are those in which flammable gases or vapors are, or may be, present in the air in quantities sufficient to produce explosive or ignitable mixtures.

#### Class I, Division 1

##### A Class I, Division 1 location is a location:

1. In which ignitable concentrations of flammable gases or vapors can exist under normal operating conditions; or
2. In which ignitable concentrations of such gases or vapors may exist frequently because of repair or maintenance operations or because of leakage; or
3. In which breakdown or faulty operation of equipment or processes might release ignitable concentrations of flammable gases or vapors, and might also cause simultaneous failure of electric equipment.

#### Class II Locations

Class II locations are those that are hazardous because of the presence of combustible dust.

#### Class II, Division 1

##### A Class II, Division 1 location is a location:

1. In which combustible dust is in the air under normal operating conditions in quantities sufficient to produce explosive or ignitable mixtures; or
2. Where mechanical failure or abnormal operation of machinery or

equipment might cause such explosive or ignitable mixtures to be produced, and might also provide a source of ignition through simultaneous failure of electric equipment, operation of protection devices, or from other causes; or

3. In which combustible dusts of an electrically conductive nature may be present in hazardous quantities.

### Class III Locations

Class III locations are those that are hazardous because of the presence of easily ignitable fibers or flyings, but in which such fibers or flyings are not likely to be in suspension in the air in quantities sufficient to produce ignitable mixtures.

#### Class III Division 1

A Class III, Division 1 location is a location in which easily ignitable fibers or materials producing combustible flyings are handled, manufactured, or used.

### General Note, Division 2 Categories

Equipment marked Division 1 is suitable for both Division 1 and Division 2 locations.

### Group Definitions

#### Class I:

**Group A.** Atmospheres containing acetylene.

**Group B.** Atmospheres containing hydrogen, fuel and combustible process gases containing more than 30 percent hydrogen by volume, or gases or vapors of equivalent hazard such as butadiene, ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, and acrolein.

**Group C.** Atmospheres such as, ethyl ether, ethylene, or gases or vapors of equivalent hazard.

**Group D.** Atmospheres such as acetone, ammonia, benzene, butane, cyclopropane, ethanol, gasoline, hexane, methanol, methane, natural gas, naphtha, propane or gases, or vapors of equivalent hazard.

#### Class II:

**Group E.** Atmospheres containing combustible metal dusts, including aluminum, magnesium, and their commercial alloys, or other combustible dusts whose particle size, abrasiveness, and conductivity present similar hazards in the use of electrical equipment.

**Group F.** Atmospheres containing combustible carbonaceous dusts, including carbon black, charcoal, coal, or dusts that have been sensitized by other materials so that they present an explosion hazard.

**Group G.** Atmospheres containing combustible dusts not included in Group E or F, including flour, grain, wood, plastic, and chemicals.

### Reference

For additional information concerning these hazardous location classifications, refer to NFPA 70, the National Electrical Code. (A publication of NFPA, the National Fire Protection Association.)

\* Please note that the above information is summarized from NFPA 70, Article 500 and is presented for reference only. Refer to NFPA 70 for further information.

## Intrinsically Safe Manual Stations

### Description

**Single action stations** require a firm downward pull to break the plastic rod visible below the pull lever and actuate a switch to sound the alarm. The front of the station is hinged and must be opened to reset the station and to replace the plastic rod.

**Double action stations** require that the hammer, hung on the front of the station, be lifted and thrown downward against the glass window, thus breaking it to expose the recessed pull lever. As with the single action station, a firm downward pull of the pull lever actuates and locks in the alarm switch.

### Single action station reset.

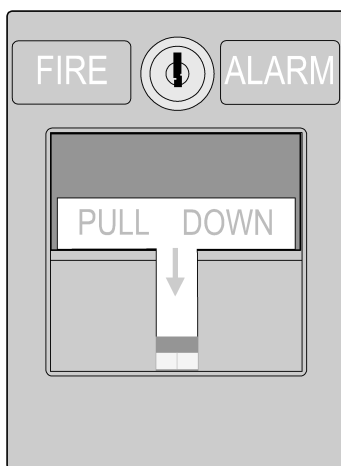
To reset the single action station, a key unlocks and opens the station which then permits the handle to return to its normal position when the station is relocked. If a break-rod is used, it must be replaced in order to complete the reset process.

### Double action station reset.

The double action station is reset in a similar manner except that the glass window must be replaced to restore operation.

### Mounting Notes

1. For surface mounting, use a Autocall2975-9178 red steel back box or a 2975-9022 aluminum back box. Do not substitute a box with a depth less than 2-3/16" (56 mm). Refer to drawing below.
2. For semi-flush mounting, use a standard single gang 2-1/2" (64 mm) deep switch box. DO NOT RECESS BOX, mount box flush or with 1/16" (2 mm) maximum protrusion. Refer to [Intrinsically Safe Manual Station Semi-Flush Mounting](#).
3. For flush mounting, refer to [Intrinsically Safe Manual Station, Flush Mounting Information](#).
4. Wiring is 18 AWG minimum, 14 AWG maximum (0.82 mm<sup>2</sup>, 2.08 mm<sup>2</sup>).



**Figure 2: A2099-9767 Intrinsically Safe Single Action Manual Station**

## Installation Reference

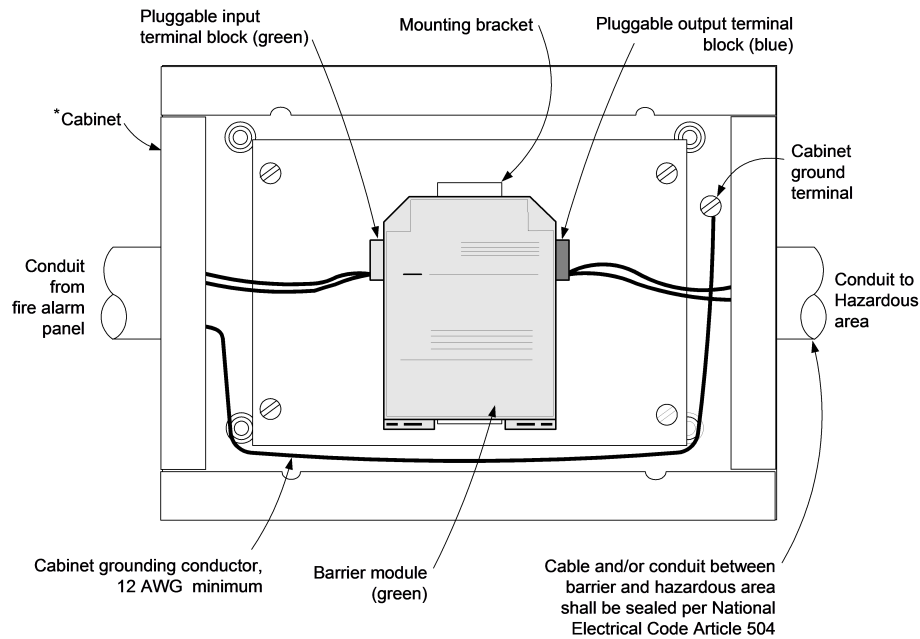


Figure 3: Installation Reference

\*Cabinet SKU: A2975-9218

## Wiring Diagram Reference

Diagram below is for reference only, refer to Control Diagram 842-070 for complete installation details.

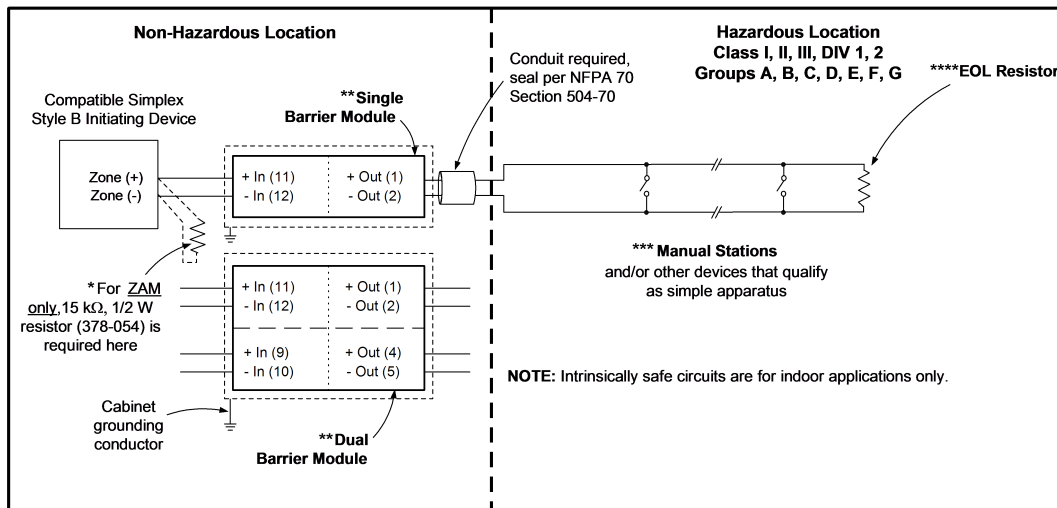


Figure 4: Wiring Diagram Reference

\*ZAM SKU: A4090-9101

\*\*Single Barrier Module SKU: 2081-9062, Dual Barrier Module SKU: 2081-9063

\*\*\*Manual Station Options A2099-9767.

Table 5: \*\*\*\*EOL Resistor

EOL Resistor	Corresponding Products
4.7 Ω: (378-056)	A4090-9101

## Surface Mounting Reference

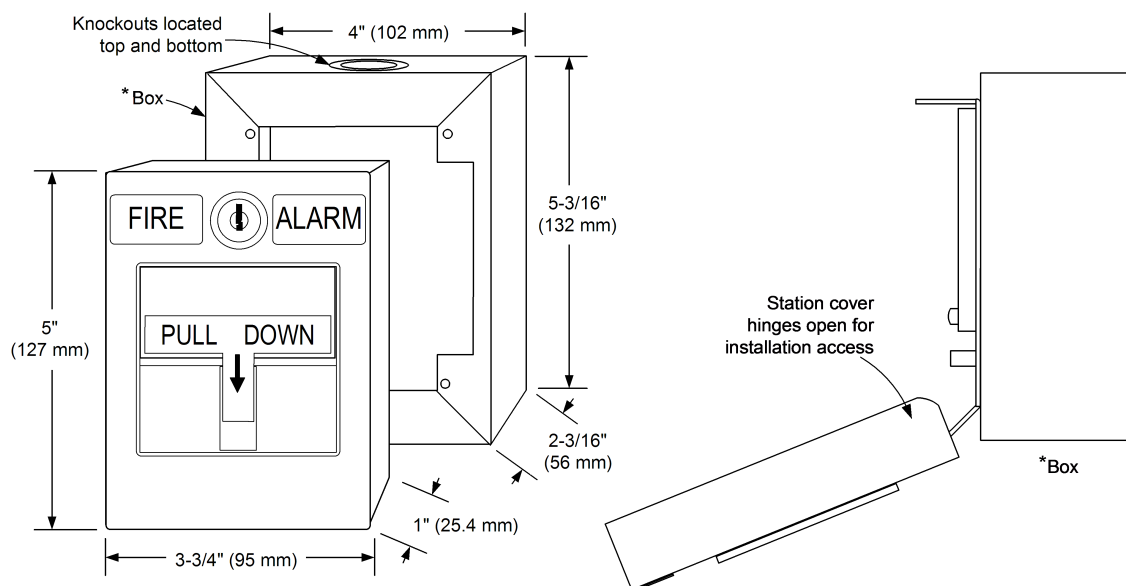


Figure 5: Surface Mounting Reference

\*2975-9178 box shown.

## Intrinsically Safe Manual Station Semi-Flush Mounting

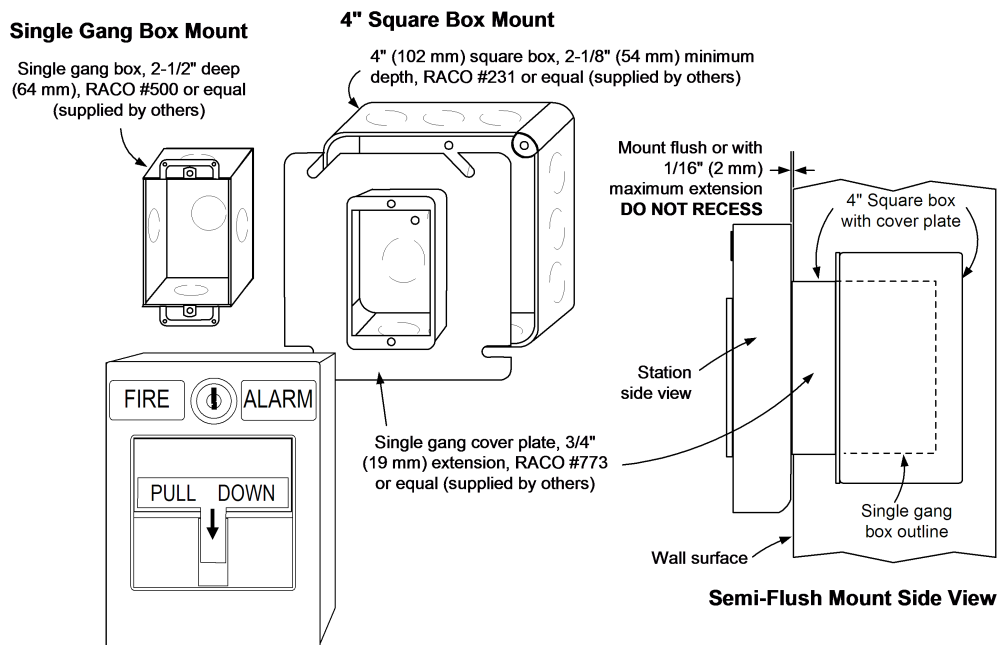


Figure 6: Semi-Flush Mounting

## Intrinsically Safe Manual Station, Flush Mounting Information

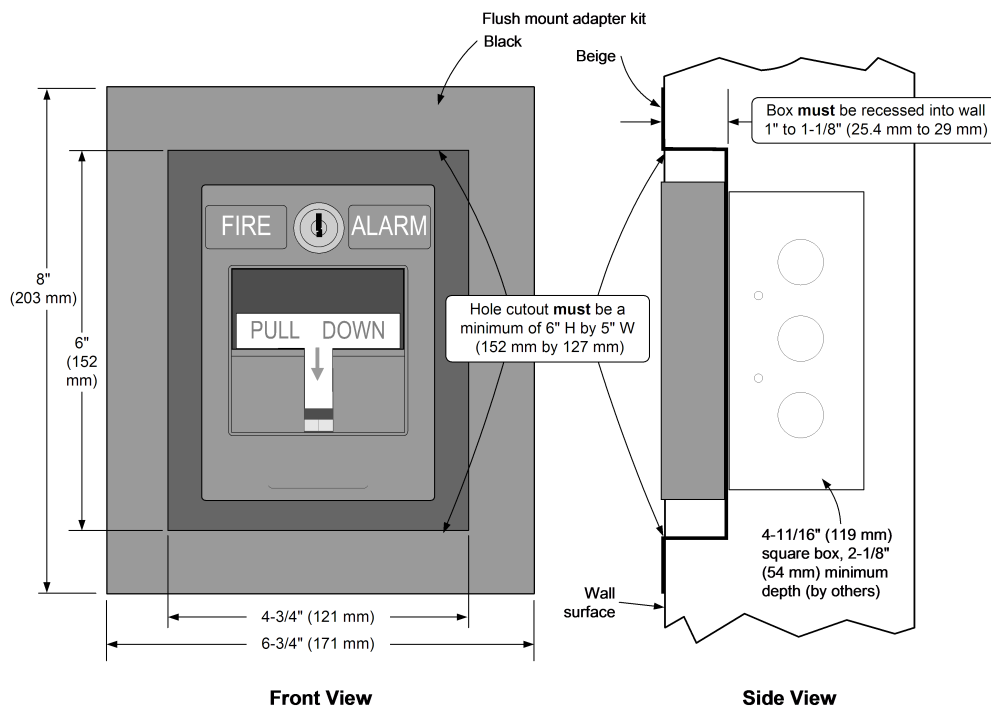


Figure 7: Flush Mounting Information

Flush mount adapter kit models black 2099-9819, beige 2099-9820

## Intrinsically Safe Devices Single and Dual Channel Isolated Barrier Modules

### Intrinsically Safe Product Selection

**Table 6: Barrier Modules**

SKU	Description	Notes
2081-9062	Single Channel Intrinsically Safe Barrier Module	Each module requires an 2081-9061 installation kit, and a A2975-9218 cabinet
2081-9063	Dual Channel Intrinsically Safe Barrier Module	

**Table 7: Required Accessories (ordered separately)**

SKU	Description	Notes
2081-9061	Intrinsically Safe Barrier Installation Kit	Includes barrier module mounting bracket, mounting hardware, control drawing, and required end-of-line resistors
A2975-9218	Intrinsically Safe Barrier Cabinet	Cabinet is red with solid door and keyed lock

**Table 8: Intrinsically Safe Manual Stations (ordered separately)**

SKU	Description
A2099-9767	Single Action Manual Station

**Table 9: Manual Station Accessories**

SKU	Description	
2975-9178	Surface Mount Steel Box, Red	Refer to <a href="#">Surface Mounting Reference</a>
2975-9022	Cast Aluminum Surface Mount Box, Red	
2099-9819	Flush Mount Adapter Kit, Black	Refer to <a href="#">Intrinsically Safe Manual Station, Flush Mounting Information</a>
2099-9820	Flush Mount Adapter Kit, Beige	
2099-9803	Replacement Breakglass	
2099-9804	Replacement Break-Rod	

**Table 10: Compatible Smoke Detector**

SKU	Description		
SLR-E-IS	Hochiki Intrinsically Safe Photoelectric Smoke Detector	Requires a YBN-R/4-IS detector base	This smoke detector and base has been tested for compatibility but is not agency listed or approved; maximum of five (5) per circuit; available from Hochiki America
YBN-R/4-IS	Hochiki Intrinsically Safe Detector Base	Required for SLR-E-IS detector	

**Note:** Refer to [Compatibility Reference](#) for compatible IDCs

**Table 11: Entity Parameters and Maximum Total Wiring Lengths from Control Panel to Last Device in Hazardous Area\***

Group	Maximum Capacitance	Maximum Inductance	Open Circuit Voltage (VOC)	Short Circuit Current (ISC)	18 AWG	16 AWG	14 AWG	12 AWG
A, B	0.14 $\mu$ F	3.84 mH	28.4 V	97 mA	781 ft (238 m)	1250 ft (381 m)	2000 ft (610 m)	2000 ft (610 m)
C, E	0.42 $\mu$ F	15.61 mH						
D, F, G	1.11 $\mu$ F	31.49 mH						

\* Refer to Control Drawing 842-070 for complete information. Wiring distances provided are for individual conductors in conduit with assumed parameters of 60 pF/ft and 0.2 $\mu$ H/ft.

Metric wire equivalents: 18 AWG = 0.82 mm<sup>2</sup>; 14 AWG = 2.08 mm<sup>2</sup>; 12 AWG = 3.31 mm<sup>2</sup>

